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SECURITIES



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ANNUAL AUDITED-REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the NOV 2 9 Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

			A SEE	
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	10/01/03	AND ENDI	NG Ö	9/30/04
	mm/dd/yy			ım/dd/yy
A. REGIS	TRANT IDENT	IFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:				
		<u>OFI</u>	ICIAL U	SE ONLY
PERSONAL FINANCIAL CONSULT	ANTS	-		
SECURITIES CORPORATION			FIRM I	D NO
•			FIRM	D. NO
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	NESS (Do not use I	P.O. Box No)	/	
229 POLARIS AVENUE #15				BRAGO
	No and Street)			LKACFZ
MOUNTAIN VIEW CALIFO	ORNIA	94043	#	DEC 1 0 200
(city) (Sta	te)	(Zip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	SON TO CONTA	CT IN REGARD	TO THIS	REPORTING
LOREN KAYFETZ		(650) 940 (Area Code – To		
	_	(Area Çode – 16	nephone No	.)
	JNTANT IDEN			
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose option is conta	ined in this Repor	t*	
Ernst Wintter & Associates, Certified I	Public Accounta	ints		
(Name – if individ	ual, state last, first, mid	dle name)		
675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213	, Walnut Cr	eek. Cal	ifornia	94596
(Address)	(City)	(Sate		(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:				
(X) Certified Public Accountant				
() Public Accountant				
() Accountant nor resident in United	State or any of its	possession.		
FOR OF	FICIAL USE ONL	Y		

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the option of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, LOREN KAYFETZ, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of PERSONAL FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS SECURITIES CORPORATION., as of SEPTEMBER 30, 2004, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE

		•
		sworn to before me this November 2004
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lotary Pi	ublic, \$t	ate of Hawaii PRESIDENT
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	. Notary	Public Check all applicable boxes): Facing page. Statement of Financial Conditions
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` '	(a)	Facing page.
		Statement of Financial Conditions.
		Statement of Income (Loss).
	(d)	Statement of Cash Flows.
(X)	(e)	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
()	(f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(X)	(g)	Computation of Net Capital.
(X)	(h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(X)	(i)	Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(X)	(j)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirement Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
()	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(X)	(1)	An Oath or Affirmation.
()	(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
()	(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
(X)	(o)	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Accounting Control.
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^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	3
Statement of Financial Condition	4
Statement of Income (Loss)	5
Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8
Supplementary Information	
Schedule I: Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 Reconciliation with Company's Net Capital Computation	12
Schedule II: Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirement Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 Information for Possession or Control	
Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3	13
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control	14

675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213 Walnut Creek, California 94596 (925) 933-2626 Fax (925) 944-6333

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Personal Financial Consultants Securities Corporation Mountain View, California

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Personal Financial Consultants Securities Corporation (the Company) as of September 30, 2004, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity and cash flows, for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Personal Financial Consultants Securities Corporation at September 30, 2004, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in <u>Schedules I & II</u> is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

+ Association

November 15, 2004

Statement of Financial Condition

September 30, 2004

<u>Assets</u>

Cash Commissions receivable Due from shareholder Prepaid and other assets Equipment, net of \$2,678 of accumulated depreciation Total assets		\$ <u>\$</u>	19,623 127,211 35,973 17,438 13,389 213,634
<u>Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity</u>			
Accounts payable Taxes payable Deferred tax liability Total liabilities		\$	3,155 6,925 33,420 43,500
Stockholder's equity Common stock (100,000 shares of no par authorized; 5,000 shares issued and outstanding) Retained earnings Total stockholder's equity Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ 50,000 120,134	\$	170,134 213,634

Statement of Income (Loss)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2004

Revenue:	
Commissions	\$ 495,454
Investment advisory fees	127,667
Total revenue	\$ 623,121
Expenses:	
Compensation expense	311,702
Rent	26,080
Professional fees	24,095
Insurance	33,041
Depreciation expense	2,678
Other operating expenses	120,657
Total expenses	518,253
Income before income taxes	104,868
Income tax expense	28,784
Net income	\$ 76,084

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes.

Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity

For the Year Ended September 30, 2004

	_	Common Stock		Retained Earnings		Stockholder's Equity	
October 1, 2003	\$	25,000	\$	44,050	;	\$	69,050
Common Stock		25,000					25,000
Net income				76,084	_		76,084
September 30, 2004	\$	50,000	. \$	120,134		\$	170,134

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended September 30, 2004

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$76,084
Deferred tax liability	23,250
Depreciation expense	2,678
(Increase) decrease in:	
Commissions receivable	(34,550)
Due from shareholders	(35,973)
Prepaid and other assets	(6,289)
(Decrease) increase in:	
Accounts payable	1,655
Due to shareholders	(24,477)
Taxes payable	6,925
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$9,303
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Issuance of stock	25,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchases of equipment	(16,068)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	18,235
Cash at beginning of year	1,388
Cash at end of year	\$19,623
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE	
Income taxes paid	\$800_

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

September 30, 2004

(1) Organization

Personal Financial Consultants Securities Corporation was incorporated in the State of California on March 26, 1990. The purpose of the Corporation is to act as a broker/dealer engaging in general securities activities primarily in Northern California. Significant revenues are generated through investment advisory services and mutual fund transactions, which are processed, directly by the mutual funds.

(2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

(a) <u>Security Transactions</u>

Customer securities transactions and related commission income and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

(b) <u>Income Taxes</u>

The Company computes its income taxes under Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" (SFAS No. 109). Under SFAS No. 109, the difference between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities is computed annually. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for those differences that have tax consequences using the currently enacted tax laws and rates that apply to the periods in which they are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, if necessary, to reduce deferred tax asset accounts that will more likely than not be unrealized. Income tax expense is the current tax payable or refundable for the period, plus or minus the net change in the deferred tax asset and liability accounts.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all demand deposits held in banks and certain highly liquid investments with maturities of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents.

(d) Equipment

Equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the three year estimated useful life of the assets.

(e) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

September 30, 2004

(2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (continued)

(f) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all reported assets and liabilities which represent financial instruments (none of which are held for trading purposes) approximate the carrying values of such amounts.

(3) <u>Income Taxes</u>

Deferred tax assets relate primarily to the California net operating loss carryforwards. Deferred tax liabilities relate primarily to the differences of using the cash method of accounting for tax purposes and the accrual method for financial statement purposes. Since it is more likely than not that deferred tax assets will be realized, a valuation allowance has not been established. Net deferred tax liabilities at September 30, 2004 consisted of the following:

Deferred tax assets Federal	\$ 475
State	3,545
Total deferred tax assets	\$ 4,020
Deferred tax liabilities	
Federal	\$23,555
State	13,885
Total deferred tax liabilities	37,440
Net deferred tax liabilities	<u>\$ 33,420</u>

The income tax expense for the year ended September 30, 2004 consisted of the following:

Current Federal State	\$ 2,975 4,750
Deferred Federal State	14,599 <u>6,460</u>
Income tax	\$ 28,784

California tax net operating loss carryforwards at September 30, 2004 were \$36,948, a total of \$2,896 of the California net operating loss carryforward is due to expire in the year ending 2007 and \$34,052 in the year ending 2013.

Notes to the Financial Statements

September 30, 2004

(4) <u>Net Capital Requirements</u>

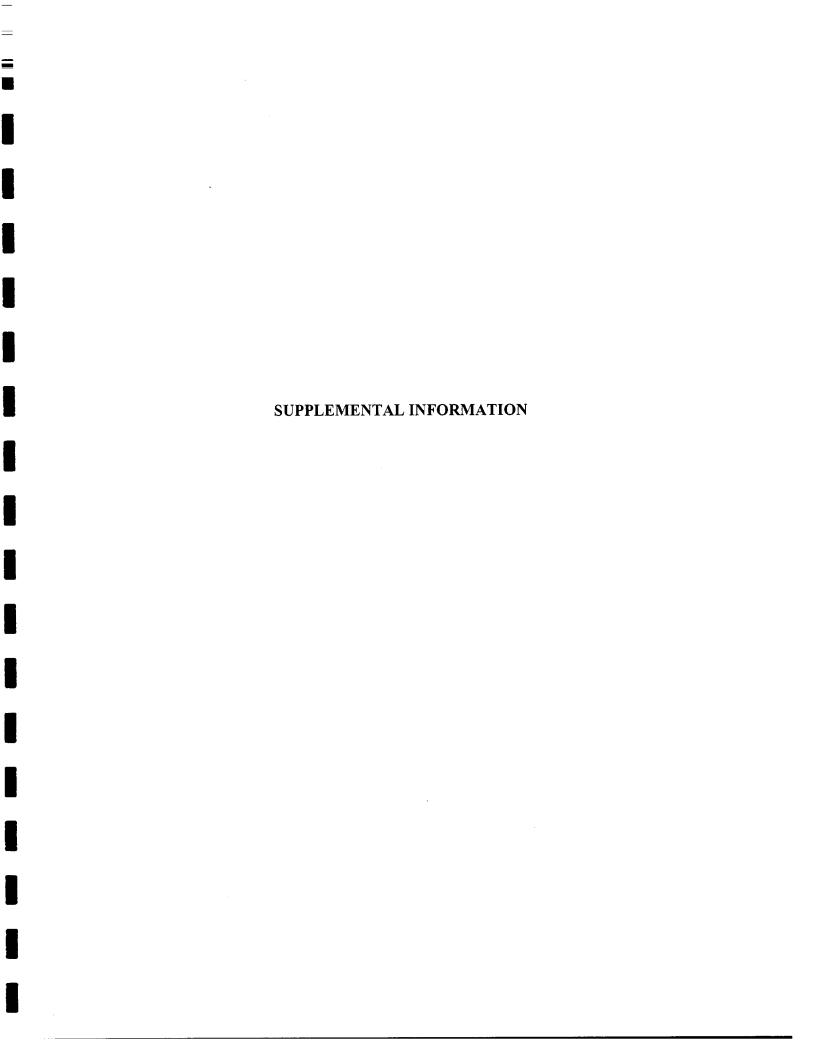
The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the Company to maintain a minimum net capital equal to or greater than \$5,000 and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital not exceeding 15 to 1, both as defined. At September 30, 2004, the Company's net capital was \$9,711, which exceeded the requirement by \$4,711.

(5) Pension Plan

The Company has a simplified employee pension plan. All employees at least 21 years of age with 3 years of service are eligible to participate. Employer contributions are based on employee wages earned. Eligible employees could receive contributions from 0% to 25% of wages and salaries at the Company's discretion. Management does not expect to make any contributions for the year ended September 30, 2004.

(6) Related Party Transactions

During the year the company rented property on a month to month basis from the sole shareholder. Total rent paid during the year ended September 30, 2004 was \$21,000.



Schedule I Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

As of September 30, 2004

Net Capital:		
Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital		\$ 170,134
Add: Deferred tax liability related to nonallowable assets		
deducted from net capital		33,420
Less: Non-allowable assets		
Commissions receivable	\$ 127,043	
Due from shareholder	35,973	
Prepaid and other assets	17,438	
Fixed assets	13,389	
Total non-allowable assets		(193,843)
Net capital		\$ 9,711
Net minimum capital requirement of 6 2/3% of aggregate		
indebtedness of \$10,080 or \$5,000, whichever is greater		 5,000
Excess net capital		\$ 4,711
Reconciliation with Company's computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5) as of September 30, 2004:		
Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) Focus Report		\$ 19,790
Increase in stockholder's equity		10,168
Increase in deferred tax related to nonallowable assets		23,250
Increase in non-allowable assets		(43,497)
Net capital per above computation		\$ 9,711

Schedule II

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

September 30, 2004

An exception from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed, based upon section (k)(2)(ii). All customer transactions processed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(a)(2).

Information for Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3

September 30, 2004

Not applicable.

675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213 Walnut Creek, California 94596 (925) 933-2626 Fax (925) 944-6333

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

Board of Directors
Personal Financial Consultants Securities Corporation
Dublin, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Personal Financial Consultants Securities Corporation (the Company) for the period ended September 30, 2004, we considered its internal control including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objective stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exceptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payments for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the period ended September 30, 2004, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated November 15, 2004.

The size of the business and the resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control policies and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at September 30, 2004, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in there regulations of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

+ Associata

November 15, 2004